1	A.I. 2(2006)
2 3	
4	IN THE MATTER OF the Automobile,
5	Insurance Act, R.S.N.L. 1990, c. A-22, as
6	amended (the "Act")
7	
8	AND
9	
10	IN THE MATTER OF an application by
11	Primmum Insurance Company
12	(the "Applicant") to implement revised rates
13	for its Private Passenger class of business.
14	
15	
16	On September 14, 2005, pursuant to legislative changes enacted on August 1, 2005, the
17	Applicant submitted for the Board's review and approval, a revised private passenger automobile
18	insurance rating program for use with effect from August 1, 2005.
19	
19	
20	Legislation
21	
22	On August 1, 2005 the Government of Newfoundland and Labrador enacted legislation

and and Labrador enacted legislation 23 amending the Automobile Insurance Act and the Insurance Companies Act in relation to the 24 conduct of participants in the automobile insurance industry and the regulation of rates in the 25 province. Among other things, the changes eliminated the benchmarking system of rate review 26 and approval used by the Board since inception of automobile insurance rate regulation and 27 substituted new rate review requirements.

28

29 Under the revised automobile insurance legislation, rate decreases take effect no sooner than 30 thirty days following filing with the Board. Rate increases are subject to prior approval and in 31 connection therewith, the Board must determine, in accordance with provisions outlined in

6)

regulations, if a proposed rate is "too high". Where such a finding is made the Board is required
 to prohibit, or vary the rates.

3

4 In arriving at a determination with respect to rate increases the Board considers the 5 documentation available with respect to the justification of the rate levels including: the 6 Applicant's projected loss experience; expenses; investment income for the company's 7 automobile insurance business for the province; and other elements considered appropriate by 8 the Board. While each of these components is, with certain exceptions, relatively easy to 9 calculate, it is the aspect of the reasonableness of each component that must be assessed by the 10 Board in determining if rates are "too high". Where the Board determines that an insurer's loss 11 experience is not relevant, inadequate or otherwise unreasonable for use in establishing rates, the 12 Board has discretion to establish the elements and information upon which the insurer shall file 13 its projected loss experience. 14

In addition to the new rate regulation process generally, the amended legislation also providedfor a one time reduction in rates. The legislation states as follows:

- 17
- 18 "62.1 (2) Effective August 1, 2005, the rates for all types of coverage charged by an insurer for private passenger automobile insurance as approved by the Board shall be reduced by at least 5%.
 21 (3) Not later than September 1, 2005, an insurer that is reducing its rates by at least 5%
 - (3) Not later than September 1, 2005, an insurer that is reducing its rates by at least 5% shall file with the Board the rates for all types of coverage it proposes to charge for private passenger automobile insurance."

25 Where rates are not reduced by at least 5%, the legislation states:

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"(4) Notwithstanding subsection (2), an insurer may, not later than September 1, 2005, apply to the Board for the approval of rates that have not been reduced by at least 5% and the Board shall approve, prohibit or vary the rates proposed to be charged by the insurer."

- 31 It is under this latter provision that the within filing has been made.
- 32

33 Other significant revisions affecting rates or the rating of insureds introduced with the amended

- 34 legislation to take effect from August 1, 2005 include:
- 35

1	a.	Elimi	nation o	f Age, Sex and Marital Status as rating variables;
2	b.	Estab	lishmen	t of a new Class of Use system and definitions;
3	c.	Permi	tting the	e use of the number of years licensed for rating purposes;
4	d.	Addit	ions to t	he Prohibited Underwriting Regulations;
5	e.	Addit	ions to t	the elements prohibited in a company's Risk Classification System;
6	f.	Addit	ions to 1	restrictions on the grounds that can be used to decline, terminate or refuse to
7			covera	-
8	g.			f the prohibition on group rates and group rating.
9	5.	Liiiii		The promotion on group faces and group facing.
10	Filing	Instru	ations	
11	rning	<u>1115ti u</u>		
12				
13	On Ju	ly 29,	2005, f	ollowing the announced changes to the automobile insurance product and
14	change	es to th	ne meth	od of rate regulation, the Board issued new Filing Instructions to industry
15	partici	pants.	These I	Filing Instructions detailed the requirements arising from the new legislation
16	and in	partic	ular the	changes to the information requirements respecting rate filings. Extracts
17	from t	the Fili	ng Insti	ructions providing definitions of the two types of filing categories appear
18	below	:		
19				
20		"3.1	CATE	GORY - 1
20 21 22 23 24			<u>3.1.1</u>	Category 1 - Definition
23 24			An inst	urer is considered to have made a Category 1 filing where:
25				
26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35			a)	In the case of private passenger rates filed in accordance with s.62.1, filed and adjusted base rates for every coverage are reduced by at least 5% and there is no
28				increase to any rate for any coverage for any insured;
29			<i>b</i>)	In the case of private passenger rates other than those filed in accordance with
30			/	s.62.1, there is no increase to any rate for any coverage for any insured; or
31			<i>c)</i>	In the case of commercial or miscellaneous vehicle rates there is no increase to
32				any rate for any coverage for any insured.
55 21			A £1	ings not marting this neguringment will be considered a Catagory 2 filing
34			Any fil	ings not meeting this requirement will be considered a Category 2 filing.
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36 37				

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3.2

CATEGORY 2- GENERAL FILING

Category 2 - Definition 3.2.1

Where a rate filing contemplates changes to base rates less than the 5% mandated by legislation on September 1, 2005 or in any other case an increase in a rate for any coverage for any insured, the filing will be considered a Category 2 filing."

9 As part of the Filing Instructions the Board also issued a guidance document which sets out 10 details as to how the filing is to be made and the standards to be applied. Specifically, insurers 11 were advised:

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"Insurers should have reference to the Category 2 Rate Application Guidance Document which is attached to these Filing Guidelines as Appendix A. Insurers should note that this document sets out guidance on completion requirements and various assumptions for such parameters as the trend factor, loss development factors, credibility, ROE, ROI and premium to surplus ratio. To the extent that insurers vary from the Category 2 Rate Application Guidance Document they will be required to provide complete justification for consideration by the Board. Insurers should note that the Board may have reference to advice from its consultants or may hold a hearing to consider these proposals."

20 21

22 While an Applicant may utilize factors at variance with those set out in the filing guidelines, it is 23 required to provide compelling information to assist in the Board's assessment of these factors. 24 It is in the context of the foregoing that the within application is reviewed.

25

26 The Application

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28 On September 14, 2005 the Applicant submitted to the Board for consideration a detailed filing 29 of proposed private passenger automobile insurance rates. A copy of the filing was forwarded to 30 the Board's actuarial consultants, Mercer Oliver Wyman (MOW), for their review and report. 31 Throughout the ensuing weeks various information requests were issued by MOW to the 32 Applicant and responses received such that it was not until October 27, 2005 that a final filing 33 was considered to have been made and MOW could complete its review and issue its report. 34

35 The filing proposed a schedule of rates based on a Return on Equity (ROE) of 15%, a Return on

36 Investment (ROI) of 3.2% and a Premium to Surplus ratio of 2.25:1. These parameters, as well

- 1 as the assumptions made by the Applicant in connection with other factors considered in the rate
- 2 making process, are reflected in the indications and the proposed rate changes shown below:
- 3

Primmum	Company	Company
Coverage	Indications	Proposal
Third Party Liability	12.2%	-1.9%
Accident Benefits	44.0%	-2.2%
Collision	-10.2%	-12.2%
Comprehensive	-32.0%	-22.2%
Uninsured Motorist	71.6%	-2.2%
Underinsured Motorist	-93.0%	-2.3%
Total	4.1%	-5%
Total (with capping)	-	-6.5%

4

5 Where a person insured with the Applicant would upon renewal experience an increase as a

6 result of changes flowing from this application, the Applicant proposes to cap the rate increase at

7 0% for the first renewal of their policies after these changes.

8

9 The Applicant proposes to offer the following discounts:

10

DISCOUNT	%	COVERAGES
Multi Vehicle	8%	All Coverages and All Classes, except Class 05
Occasional Driver	50%	Third Party Liability, All Perils and Collision; Class 05 Only
Age	10%	All Coverages, Classes 01, 02, 03, and 07
Group	5%	All Coverages and All Classes, except Class 05

11

The proposed discounts are consistent with those previously approved with the addition of a new Group discount as well as an increase to the Multi Vehicle and Age discount. These discounts relate to the risk, are not subjective or arbitrary, and are in accordance with the legislative provisions. In addition, the impact of the discounts has been appropriately reflected in the rate filing, as reviewed by MOW.

17

18 The Applicant proposes Class of Use definitions that vary from those recently amended in the 19 Statistical Plan of the Superintendent of Insurance. These definitions were part of the 20 Applicant's last rate filing and were accepted as reasonable by the Board at that time. MOW has reviewed the proposed Class of Use definitions and found them to be similar to the current
 Superintendent of Insurance's Statistical Plan. MOW has also concluded that the selected class
 differentials are reasonable.

4

5 Detailed Analysis

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7 In its review of rate filings the Board is mandated to prohibit or vary a rate which it determines is 8 "too high". The Board makes this determination following a thorough review of all information 9 submitted by the Applicant and careful consideration of the reports and findings of its expert 10 consultants. In exercising its jurisdiction the Board reviews the base rates for each coverage and 11 a determination is made as to whether or not they are "too high". That is to say, the review is on 12 a coverage by coverage basis. This is consistent with the amended legislation and is in keeping 13 with the historical practice of the Board which was adopted to avoid the cross subsidization of 14 rates between coverages. Allowing the establishment of a rate for one coverage lower than is 15 justified and permitting a rate for another coverage to be higher than is justified by the actuarial 16 and other evidence would result in rates which are not reflective of costs and, depending on the 17 coverage chosen, may cause some insureds to pay more than actuarially justified.

18

19 As identified in the Board's detailed Filing Instructions, the Applicant is required to provide 20 justification of any rate increases. Where the Applicant does not utilize the specific parameters 21 set out in the filing guidelines the Applicant is required to provide the Board with sound 22 reasoning and justification for the deviation. For example, in connection with ROI, the 23 guidelines provide the Board's acceptable range of factors but state, "The Board will consider 24 other return on investment assumptions or calculations; however, full rationale for any 25 deviations must be provided, based on recently available 2004 financial data." Similar cautions 26 and directions are provided in connection with the remaining guideline factors and assumptions, 27 where appropriate.

28

1 Actuarial

2

The November 17, 2005 report of the Board's actuarial consultants identified a number of issues and provided the rate indications based on alternate assumptions found by MOW to be reasonable and supported by the information contained in the Applicant's filing, or reasonable on the basis of industry factors.

7

8 With respect to assumptions made in the determination of rates, these are matters of actuarial 9 judgment and are reviewed in the context of reasonableness. MOW reviewed the assumptions 10 made by the Applicant and expressed the opinion that certain of the assumptions were not fully 11 supported. In their place MOW substituted alternate assumptions they felt more appropriate or 12 reflective of market or other conditions as follows:

13

Expense provision – the Applicant did not allocate any of the fixed expenses to the
 property damage coverages. All fixed costs were allocated to third party liability,
 uninsured motorist and accident benefits coverage. The effect of this is to overstate costs
 of those coverages to which the expense is allocated and to understate costs of other
 coverages. The actuary felt it more appropriate to allocate fixed expenses to all coverages.

19

20 • Effects of Reform - the Applicant did not provide for any savings arising from the
 21 Collateral Sources provision in recent legislative changes thus overstating the cost of the
 22 product. The savings were provided as part of the Board's Filing Instructions.

23

Credibility Standard/Procedure – the Applicant used a credibility standard of 3,246 for
 third party liability. MOW use the same number of claims for the bodily injury portion of
 third party liability but a lower number, 1082 claims, for the property damage portion.
 This is consistent with past practice of the Board in assessing benchmarks rates and is the
 standard used by the Board's consultant in the past when reviewing independent rate
 filings.

30

Accident Year Weights - the Applicant's accident year weights give a higher weight to
 older data. For 2000 – 2004 the weights are 23%, 23%, 20%, 17% and 17%. MOW notes
 that actuaries generally give more weight to more recent data and recommends weights of
 10%, 15%, 20%, 25% and 30%.

5

6 The impacts of these alternative assumptions are provided in detail as an appendix to the 7 consultant's report and are summarized in the table below:

8

Primmum	Company	Company	MOW
Coverage	Indications	Proposal	Indications
Third Party Liability	12.2%	-1.9%	-7.5%
Accident Benefits	44.0%	-2.2%	25.4%
Collision	-10.2%	-12.2%	-11.8%
Comprehensive	-32.0%	-22.2%	-28.0%
Uninsured Motorist	71.6%	-2.2%	45.8%
Underinsured Motorist	-93.0%	-2.3%	-85.2%
Total	4.1%	-5%	-9.3%
Total (with capping)	-	-6.5%	-

9

10 The MOW indications are based on the Board's guideline factors for ROE, ROI and Premium to

11 Surplus Ratio.

12

13 Cost of Capital

14

15 The Category 2 Rate Application Guidance Document set out the parameters regarding ROE,

16 ROI and Premium to Surplus Ratio as follows:

17

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19

- <u> "Return on Equity</u>
- 20 In Order No. A.I. 1 (2005), after hearing from several experts relating to profit margin, the Board 21 determined a return on equity and premium to surplus ratio for use under the benchmark system 22 which, as the result of legislative changes, is no longer in use. Nevertheless, the Board accepts 23 the determination in Order No. A.I. 1 (2005) as the most comprehensive recent consideration of 24 the appropriate return on equity and premium to surplus ratio for rate making purposes for 25 automobile insurers in Newfoundland & Labrador, Therefore, the Board accepts as reasonable 26 for use in rate filings a target after-tax Return on Equity of 10.0% and a premium to surplus ratio 27 of 2.25.

- Other return on equity or premium to surplus assumptions or calculations will be considered, but rationale for any deviations must be provided and the Company must provide a comparison of the assumptions or calculations with those made by the Company in preparing filed rate level indications for other coverages and lines of business in Newfoundland & Labrador as well other provinces.
- 6 <u>Return on Investments</u>

7 • The Board also considered the appropriate return on investments for ratemaking purposes for 8 automobile insurers in Newfoundland and Labrador in Order No. A.I. 1 (2005). The Board 9 accepted that "...setting ROI based on levels of risk and commensurate returns relative to the 10 actual investment profile of Canadian automobile insurers is most appropriate," but noted the 11 lack of available information to assist in this determination. In light of the lack of information 12 and the changed regulatory environment, the Board will not set out a target return on investment 13 for rate making purposes, but expects that the return on investment will be in the range identified 14 by the Board in Order No. A.I. 1 (2005) of 5.4%-7.04%.

The Board will consider other return on investment assumptions or calculations; however, full rationale for any deviations must be provided, based on recently available 2004 financial data."

17 The filing was reviewed by the Board's cost of capital consultants, National Economic Research 18 Associates (NERA), as relates to the ROE and ROI inputs. During this review information 19 requests and responses were exchanged with the Applicant. NERA's report dated March 13, 20 2006, details the pertinent aspects of these exchanges and summarizes the position stated by the 21 Applicant in support of the requested ROE and ROI and NERA's consideration thereof. 22 23 NERA's final report findings are as follows: 24 25 ROE – "Primmum has not provided sufficient evidence to support its request for an ROE higher 26 than set out in the guidelines." 27 28 ROI – "Primmum's requested ROI is not justified. Based on the proxy portfolio, NERA's 29 calculated ROI for Primmum is 3.86%." 30 31 A copy of the MOW report and the NERA report was forwarded to the Applicant for comment. 32

1 Revised Proposal

2

On March 22, 2006 the Applicant notified the Board that it wished to amend its rating proposal
having given consideration to the reports of the Board's actuarial and cost of capital consultants.
The Applicant's revised proposals were reviewed by MOW and set out in an addendum report
dated March 23, 2006. The revisions and revised MOW indications are shown in the following
table:

8

Primmum	Company	Company	MOW
Coverage	Indications	Proposal	Indications
Third Party Liability	-4.4%	-4.4%	-4.1%
Accident Benefits	29.0%	2.7%	28.8%
Collision	-10.8%	-12.2%	-10.8%
Comprehensive	-27.0%	-27.1%	-27.1%
Uninsured Motorist	51.8%	2.7%	51.6%
Underinsured Motorist	-84.0%	-2.3%	-84.0%
Total	-6.7%	-6.7%	-6.6%

9

10 These indications are based on the alternate assumptions of MOW and NERA, including an ROE

11 of 10%, an ROI of 3.86% and a Premium to Surplus Ratio of 2.25:1.

12

13 Findings

14

The Board has reviewed the application, the supporting material, responses to information requests, consultants' reports, and all other information relevant to this rate filing. Based on the review of the available documentation the Board is satisfied that the Applicant's March 22, 2006 revised rate proposals are reasonably supported by the available information.

19

While the original proposals were at a substantial variance to those indicated by the Board's consultants, the Applicant revised its proposals on March 22, 2006 proposing rates consistent with the indications of both the Board's consulting actuaries and financial consultants. The proposed Class of Use definitions are in line with the recent changes implemented by the Superintendent of Insurance and the Board's previously approved definitions. As well the associated differentials were found by MOW to be reasonable. Similarly the proposed discount provisions are generally consistent with those previously approved. Changes to the discount program reflect statutorily required removal of age, gender and marital status and have been determined to be reasonable in the context of the rate filing. The proposed capping of rate increases for renewals is consistent with the legislative provisions and will minimize significant rate impacts arising out of this application.

6

7 In accordance with the legislation the Board will prohibit or vary any rate that is too high. A 8 proposed rate for any coverage will be found to be too high where it is greater than the 9 indications which are determined by the Board to be reasonable. In this filing, the proposals with 10 respect to each base coverage are the same as or lower than the indications of the Board's 11 actuaries. While the Applicant does not propose to decrease rates for the underinsured motorist 12 as would be suggested by the indications, the Board notes that this is not a base coverage but is 13 rather provided to policy holders as an endorsement to the policy. It is the SEF 44 endorsement 14 and is a very small portion of the total policy cost. The Board is satisfied that the proposals 15 reflect the indications for all base coverages and that the proposals respecting endorsements are 16 reasonable. The Board therefore accepts the March 22, 2006 revised rate proposal for all 17 coverages.

18

19 <u>Costs</u>

20

As set out in the Filing Instructions, pursuant to section 57 of the *Automobile Insurance Act* and section 90 of the *Public Utilities Act*, the Applicant will be required to pay the costs of the Board associated with this application.

24

25 IT IS THERFORE ORDERED THAT:

26

27 1. The Applicant's March 22, 2006 rate proposals are approved.

28

29 2. The Applicant shall file with the Board revised rate manual pages and rate tables
30 consistent with the March 22, 2006 proposal setting out the dates on which the revised
31 rates are effective.

1		
2	3.	The proposed discount program is approved.
3		
4	4.	The proposed Class of Use definitions are accepted for use.
5		
6	5.	The Applicant shall pay all the expenses of the Board arising from this application.
7		

DATED at St. John's, Newfoundland and Labrador, this 30th day of March 2006.

Robert Noseworthy Chair & Chief Executive Officer

Darlene Whalen, P.Eng. Vice-Chair

G. Cheryl Blundon Board Secretary