## **Section 3: Finance/Fair Return**

Q. (Section 3, page 3-25) Newfoundland Power claims that a weak economic outlook, following the housing market discussion, increases its risk of cost recovery. Is it Newfoundland Power's judgment that a rapidly growing distribution utility is less risky than a more stable one? If so, would it acknowledge that rapid growth frequently implies more financing problems and makes companies more, not less, risky?

A. Newfoundland Power has not performed a relative risk assessment to determine whether a rapidly growing distribution utility is less risky than a more stable one.

Over half of the Company's annual capital expenditures are focused on the renewal of deteriorated assets to maintain reliable service for customers. Approximately one quarter of the Company's annual capital expenditures relate to the requirement to connect new customers and respond to system load growth. This breakdown of annual capital expenditures is reflective of Newfoundland Power's low growth potential, which has been recognized by the Board as a business risk.

In Order No. P.U. 19 (2003), the Board stated:

"The capital structure of NP has been maintained through the ongoing decisions of the Board as contained in its respective Orders and also NP's actions in managing the level of common equity accordingly. Generally in the past it has been determined by the Board that a strong equity component is needed to mitigate the impact of NP's relatively small size and low growth potential." 3

In the Company's 2016/2017 General Rate Application, the Company's low growth potential was again recognized by the Board as a business risk. In Order No. P.U. 18 (2016), the Board stated:

"Newfoundland Power's small size relative to its peers and its low growth potential have been identified by the Board in the past as supporting a 45% common equity ratio. These factors have been acknowledged by the experts in this proceeding as still present."

Low growth makes Newfoundland Power less appealing to financial markets than utilities with higher growth potential.

See Newfoundland Power's 2024 Capital Budget Application, 2024 Capital Budget Overview, page 1, and 2024-2028 Capital Plan, page 1.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Ibid.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> See Order No. P.U. 19 (2003), page 45.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> See Order No. P.U. 18 (2016), page 24, lines 20 to 22.