1 Q. Reference: "2021 Capital Budget Application," Newfoundland Power, July 9, 2020, 2 2020 Capital Plan (sic), sec 2.3.2, at p. 13/2-3. 3 4 Citation: 5 6 On a pro forma basis, the Company's 2021 revenue requirement is estimated to 7 increase by approximately \$3 million as a result of the capital projects proposed 8 for 2021. 9 Please provide a detailed breakdown of this calculation in the following table format 10 for both 2021 and 2022: 11

	2021	2022
Rate Base (A)		
Return % (B)		
Return (A*B = C)		
Depreciation (D)		
<b>O&amp;M (E)</b>		
Income Tax (F)		
Revenue Requirement (C + D + E + F = G)		

12 A. Table 1 provides the *pro forma* revenue requirement impacts, as requested.<sup>1</sup>

## Table 1 *Pro forma* Revenue Requirements (\$millions)

	2021PF	2022PF
Average Rate Base $(A)^2$	28.7	42.1
Return on Rate Base $(B)^3$	5.81%	5.81%
Return ( $C = A \times B$ )	1.7	2.4
Depreciation $(D)^4$	3.0	3.9
Income Tax $(E)^5$	0.5	0.7
$O\&M (F)^6$	(2.3)	(2.7)
Revenue Requirement (G = C + D + E + F)	2.9	4.3

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The pro forma estimates are practically limited. Please refer to the 2021 Capital Budget Application, Volume 1, 2021 Capital Plan, Section 2.3.2 Revenue Requirement Perspective, which discusses the practical limitations of these estimates.

<sup>2</sup> Forecast annual change in average rate base.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Incremental weighted average cost of capital calculated using a return on equity of 8.50% as approved by the Board in Order No. P.U. 2 (2019) and an incremental cost of debt of 3.608%. The incremental cost of debt is based upon the Company's latest debt issue which was approved by the Board in Order No. P.U. 9 (2020).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Forecast change in annual depreciation expense.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Income tax associated with the pro forma return on equity.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Includes maintenance costs savings and avoided electricity costs associated the proposed *LED Street Lighting Replacement Plan.*