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1 Q. Dr. Cleary's Evidence, Page 17, Line 9 to Page 18, Line 11

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Dr. Cleary provides an assessment of Newfoundland Power's revenue growth to the Province of Newfoundland and Labrador's GDP growth. Did Dr. Cleary review key economic indicators relating to the Province's labour force, population, employment, household disposable income, retail sales, and housing starts? If so, what were his observations and conclusions? If not, why not?

- A. As noted in response to PUB-CA-016, in its' Summer 2018 Provincial Outlook, the
 Conference Board of Canada (CB) forecast real GDP growth of 0.3% in 2018, followed by
 4.8% growth in 2019 and 1.3% growth in 2020. Hence, average growth over the 2018-2020
 period is forecast to be 2.13% annually.
- Dr. Cleary focused his assessment on GDP growth which is a culmination of all of the factors mentioned in the question above, as well as other factors. However, he did note that over the 2018-2020 period, household disposable income and retail sales are forecast to grow slower than overall GDP growth, while population and employment are forecast to decline slightly, with household starts declining considerably from previous levels.

21 All of these observations are consistent with the forecast for moderate GDP growth for NL 22 during 2018-2020 and slow forecast growth beyond 2020. Dr. Cleary focused his analysis 23 on the test period, since future changes can be addressed during future proceedings. 24 However, he does recognize that the forecast for longer term NL growth is approximately 25 zero according to the CB. Dr. Cleary addresses the potential impact of slow economic 26 growth on pages 17-18 of his evidence, where Figure 4 demonstrates the resilience that 27 NP's revenue has displayed with respect to previous periods of negative or slow growth. 28 He summarizes this point on page 18 (lines 10-11): "In other words, the evidence suggests 29 that NP's sales have been resilient to economic decline."