| 1 | Q. | Rei | eference: Application | | |
|----|----|-----|--|--|--|
| 2 | | Wi | With respect to wood pole line management: | | |
| 3 | | | a) What are Hydro's policies and practices regarding reduction of the environmental | | |
| 4 | | | footprint relating to wood pole disposal? | | |
| 5 | | | b) What preservatives has Hydro used to extend the life of wood poles? | | |
| 6 | | | c) What is the unit cost to purchase wood poles? | | |
| 7 | | | d) What is the unit cost to dispose of wood poles? | | |
| 8 | | | e) Please provide a table showing the total and per unit costs of wood pole purchases in | | |
| 9 | | | each of the last ten years. | | |
| 10 | | | | | |
| 11 | | | | | |
| 12 | A. | a) | Newfoundland and Labrador Hydro ("Hydro") aims to maximize the life of its transmission | | |
| 13 | | | wood poles through the execution of the Wood Pole Line Management Program. When | | |
| 14 | | | poles require replacement, they are disposed of in approved landfills as per provincial | | |
| 15 | | | requirements. | | |
| 16 | | b) | To extend the life of its transmission wood poles, Hydro retreats the poles internally with | | |
| 17 | | | fungicide in the form of solid fused glass rods. The fungicide is a combination of Anhydrous | | |
| 18 | | | Disodium Octaborate, Copper (from Copper Hydroxide) and Boric Acid. | | |
| 19 | | c) | Please refer to part e) of this response. | | |
| 20 | | d) | The cost of disposal varies greatly depending on the location of the wood pole; greater costs | | |
| 21 | | | will be associated with the disposal of a pole from a remote transmission line that is difficult | | |
| 22 | | | to access, than one that is located in an easily accessible urban area. For this reason, Hydro | | |
| 23 | | | is unable to provide a unit cost to dispose of wood poles. | | |
| 24 | | e) | Please refer to Table 1 for the total and per unit costs of wood pole purchases under the | | |
| 25 | | | Wood Pole Line Management Program from 2014 to 2023. | | |

Table 1: Costs of Wood Pole Purchases (2014-2023)1

| | Approximate Average Unit Cost | Approximate Total Cost |
|------|----------------------------------|---------------------------|
| Year | (\$) | (\$) |
| 2014 | 1,626 | 92,662 |
| 2015 | 1,955 | 97,770 |
| 2016 | 1,991 | 75,651 |
| 2017 | 2,036 | 63,105 |
| 2018 | 1,289 | 37,374 |
| 2019 | 1,867 | 59,745 |
| 2020 | 1,135 | 34,057 |
| 2021 | 2,506 | 52,625 |
| 2022 | 1,649 | 21,437 |
| 2023 | 3,304 | 75,986 |

¹ Pole costs vary by length with longer poles being more expensive. Average unit cost can be affected by the length of pole used, and thus increases and decreases between years are partially, if not mostly, determined by this factor. The pole line length used in 2023 was larger than what was used in 2022.