

1 Q. Please explain in detail the impact of outages and trips of the Maritime Link on the  
2 security of the power supply on the Island Interconnected System.

3

4

5 A. Outages and trips on the Maritime Link (ML) with exports up to the 500 MW  
6 capacity of the link will not have an impact on the security of the power supply to  
7 customers on the Island Interconnected System. In the event of a pole or bipole trip  
8 or power order runback (rapid reduction in delivered power) of the ML Voltage  
9 Source Converter (VSC) due to system protection action, the Labrador-Island Link  
10 (LIL) Line Commutated Converter (LCC) will ramp back its power order (delivered  
11 power to the Island) via a frequency controller to maintain frequency on the Island.  
12 The ML converter system will utilize VSC technology allowing the Bottom Brook  
13 converter station to maintain voltage control of the transmission system west of  
14 Bay d’Espoir much like a Static VAR Compensator (SVC) in the event of the loss of  
15 the dc circuit to Nova Scotia with the Bottom Brook converter in service. The loss of  
16 up to 500 MW of export power through the western portion of the Island  
17 Interconnected System due to a trip of the ML converter at Bottom Brook will result  
18 in increased voltages in this area. The integration analysis completed for the ML  
19 demonstrates acceptable performance for this event. A copy of the analysis is  
20 attached to Hydro's response to PUB-NLH-264.