

1 Q. Further to Exhibit 43, please provide a sensitivity with the following assumptions:

- 2 - a 20% decrease in fuel costs;
- 3 - a 20% decrease in annual percentage load growth post 2014; and
- 4 - a 20% increase in capital cost estimate for both the Muskrat Falls
- 5 development and the HVdc Interconnection.

6 Compare this sensitivity to the Isolated Island Option and the Labrador
7 Interconnection Option Base Case. Provide a table similar to pgs. 1 and 2 of Exhibit
8 14 showing the 2010 PLF Strategist Generation Expansion Plan.

9
10
11 A. The table on the next page provides a Strategist generation plan and CPW for both
12 the Isolated Island Option and the Labrador Interconnection Option Base Case
13 assuming:

- 14 - a 20% decrease in fuel costs relative to the DG2 reference price;
- 15 - a 20% decrease in annual percentage load growth post 2014; and
- 16 - a 20% increase in capital cost estimate for both the Muskrat Falls
- 17 development and the HVdc Interconnection.

18
19 The CPW preference for the Interconnected Island alternative over the Isolated
20 Island alternative is \$159 million (\$2010) in this Strategist run, compared to a CPW
21 preference for the Interconnected Island alternative in the reference analysis of
22 \$2,158 million (\$2010).

1 It should be noted that PIRA’s reference forecast as of October 2011 is
2 approximately 13 percent higher than the reference forecast as of January 2010 for
3 0.7 percent sulphur No. 6 fuel delivered in 2025.¹

| 2010 PLF Strategist Generation Expansion Plans | | |
|---|---|---|
| PUB-Nalcor-56 | | |
| | Isolated Island | Labrador HVdc Interconnection/Muskrat Falls |
| | PLF 2010 | PLF 2010 |
| 2010 | | |
| 2011 | | |
| 2012 | | |
| 2013 | | |
| 2014 | 25 MW Wind | 50 MW CT |
| 2015 | Holyrood ESP & Scrubbers 36 MW Island Pond | |
| 2016 | Holyrood Upgrade | |
| 2017 | Holyrood Low No _x Burners | Holyrood Units 1 & 2 Sync Condensers 900 MW Labrador Interconnection |
| 2018 | 23 MW Portland Creek | |
| 2019 | Holyrood Upgrade | |
| 2020 | 18 MW Round Pond | |
| 2021 | | |
| 2022 | 170 MW CCCT | |
| 2023 | | |
| 2024 | Holyrood Upgrade | |
| 2025 | | |
| 2026 | 50 MW CT | |
| 2027 | | |
| 2028 | Replace 2 Existing Wind Farms (~54 MW) | |
| 2029 | Holyrood Upgrade | |
| 2030 | 50 MW CT | |
| 2031 | | |
| 2032 | | |
| 2033 | Holyrood Replacement (2 units) 170 MW CCCT 170 MW CCCT | |

¹ Nalcor’s response to RFI MHI-Nalcor-127, page 2 and Table 8 of Nalcor’s Submission to the Board

| 2010 PLF Strategist Generation Expansion Plans | | |
|---|--|----------------------|
| PUB-Nalcor-56 | | |
| 2034 | Replace 2014 Wind Farm (~25 MW) | |
| 2035 | | |
| 2036 | Holyrood Replacement (3rd unit) 50 MW CT 50 MW CT | |
| 2037 | | |
| 2038 | | |
| 2039 | | 23 MW Portland Creek |
| 2040 | 50 MW CT | 50 MW CT |
| 2041 | | |
| 2042 | | |
| 2043 | | |
| 2044 | | |
| 2045 | 50 MW CT | 50 MW CT |
| 2046 | | |
| 2047 | | |
| 2048 | Replace 2 Existing Wind Farms (~54 MW) | |
| 2049 | | |
| 2050 | 170 MW CCCT | 50 MW CT |
| 2051 | | |
| 2052 | 170 MW CCCT | |
| 2053 | | |
| 2054 | Replace 2014 Wind Farm (~25 MW) | |
| 2055 | | |
| 2056 | | 50 MW CT |
| 2057 | 50 MW CT | |
| 2058 | | |
| 2059 | | |
| 2060 | | |
| 2061 | 50 MW CT 50 MW CT | 50 MW CT |
| 2062 | | |
| 2063 | 50 MW CT 170 MW CCCT 170 MW CCCT | |
| 2064 | | |
| 2065 | 50 MW CT | 50 MW CT |
| 2066 | | |

| 2010 PLF Strategist Generation Expansion Plans | | |
|--|---------|---------|
| PUB-Nalcor-56 | | |
| 2067 | | |
| | | |
| CPW 2010\$ millions | \$7,037 | \$6,878 |