

DELIVERED BY HAND

June 18, 2015

Board of Commissioners
of Public Utilities
P.O. Box 21040
120 Torbay Road
St. John's, NL A1A 5B2

Attention: G. Cheryl Blundon
Director of Corporate Services
and Board Secretary

Ladies and Gentlemen:

Re: Application for July 1, 2015 Customer Rates

Please find enclosed the original and 12 copies of Newfoundland Power's Schedule 5 (1st Revision) in relation to the above noted Application filed with the Board on June 12, 2015. Changes to Schedule 5 from those contained in last week's filing are indicated by shading as follows: .

The revision was necessary because Schedule 5 as filed with the Application was inadvertently presented based on a version of the Rate Stabilization Clause in Newfoundland Power's *Schedule of Rates, Rules & Regulations* that was not the current version. The text of paragraph II 4. of the Rate Stabilization Clause, which the Application proposes to be amended, is correct in both the original and revised versions of Schedule 5.

If you have any questions regarding the enclosed, please feel free to contact the Company.

Yours truly,



Gerard M. Hayes
Senior Counsel

c. Geoffrey Young
Newfoundland and Labrador Hydro

Thomas Johnson, QC
O'Dea Earle Law Offices



NEWFOUNDLAND POWER INC.

RATE STABILIZATION CLAUSE

The Company shall include a rate stabilization adjustment in its rates. This adjustment shall reflect the accumulated balance in the Company's Rate Stabilization Account ("RSA") and any change in the rates charged to the Company by Newfoundland and Labrador Hydro ("Hydro") as a result of the operation of its Rate Stabilization Plan ("RSP").

I. RATE STABILIZATION ADJUSTMENT ("A")

The Rate Stabilization Adjustment ("A") shall be calculated as the total of the Recovery Adjustment Factor and the Fuel Rider Adjustment.

The Recovery Adjustment Factor shall be recalculated annually, effective the first day of July in each year, to amortize over the following twelve (12) month period the annual plan recovery amount designated to be billed by Hydro to the Company, and the balance in the Company's RSA.

The Recovery Adjustment Factor expressed in cents per kilowatt-hour and calculated to the nearest 0.001 cent shall be calculated as follows:

$$\frac{B + C}{D}$$

Where:

- B = the annual plan recovery amount designated to be billed by Hydro during the next twelve (12) months commencing July 1 as a result of the operation of Hydro's RSP.
- C = the balance in the Company's RSA as of March 31st of the current year.
- D = the total kilowatt-hours sold by the Company for the 12 months ending March 31st of the current year.

The Fuel Rider Adjustment shall be recalculated annually, effective the first day of July in each year, to reflect changes in the RSP fuel rider applicable to Newfoundland Power. The Fuel Rider Adjustment expressed in cents per kilowatt-hour and calculated to the nearest 0.001 cent shall be calculated as follows:

$$\frac{E \times F}{D}$$

NEWFOUNDLAND POWER INC.

RATE STABILIZATION CLAUSE

I. RATE STABILIZATION ADJUSTMENT ("A") (Cont'd)

Where:

D = corresponds to the D above.

E = the total kilowatt-hours of energy (including secondary energy) sold to the Company by Hydro during the 12 months ending March 31 of the current year.

F = the fuel rider designated to be charged to Newfoundland Power through Hydro's RSP.

The Rate Stabilization Adjustment ("A") shall be recalculated and be applied as of the effective date of a new wholesale mill rate by Hydro, by resetting the Fuel Rider Adjustment included in the Rate Stabilization Adjustment to zero.

II. RATE STABILIZATION ACCOUNT ("RSA")

The Company shall maintain a RSA which shall be increased or reduced by the following amounts expressed in dollars:

1. At the end of each month the RSA shall be:

(i) increased (reduced) by the amount actually charged (credited) to the Company by Hydro during the month as the result of the operation of its Rate Stabilization Plan.

(ii) increased (reduced) by the excess cost of fuel used by the Company during the month calculated as follows:

$$(G/H - P) \times H$$

Where:

G = the cost in dollars of fuel and additives used during the month in the Company's thermal plants to generate electricity other than that generated at the request of Hydro.

H = the net kilowatt-hours generated in the month in the Company's thermal plants other than electricity generated at the request of Hydro.

NEWFOUNDLAND POWER INC.

RATE STABILIZATION CLAUSE

II. RATE STABILIZATION ACCOUNT ("RSA") (Cont'd)

P = the 2nd block base rate in dollars per kilowatt-hour paid during the month by the Company to Hydro for firm energy.

(iii) reduced by the price differential of firmed-up secondary energy calculated as follows:

$$(P - J) \times K$$

Where:

J = the price in dollars per kilowatt-hour paid by the Company to Hydro during the month for secondary energy supplied by Deer Lake Power and delivered as firm energy to the Company.

K = the kilowatt-hours of such secondary energy supplied to the Company during the month.

P = corresponds to P above.

(iv) reduced (increased) by the amount billed by the Company during the month as the result of the operation of the Rate Stabilization Clause calculated as follows:

$$\frac{L \times A}{100}$$

Where:

L = the total kilowatt-hours sold by the Company during the month.

A = the Rate Stabilization Adjustment in effect during the month expressed in cents per kilowatt-hour.

(v) increased (reduced) by an interest charge (credit) on the balance in the RSA at the beginning of the month, at a monthly rate equivalent to the mid-point of the Company's allowed rate of return on rate base.

2. On the 31st of December in each year, the RSA shall be increased (reduced) by the amount that the Company billed customers under the Municipal Tax Clause for the calendar year is less (or greater) than the amount of municipal taxes paid for that year.

NEWFOUNDLAND POWER INC.

RATE STABILIZATION CLAUSE

II. RATE STABILIZATION ACCOUNT ("RSA") (Cont'd)

3. The annual kilowatt-hours used in calculating the Rate Stabilization Adjustment to the monthly streetlighting rates are as follows:

	Fixture Size (watts)				
	<u>100</u>	<u>150</u>	<u>175</u>	<u>250</u>	<u>400</u>
Mercury Vapour	-	-	840	1,189	1,869
High Pressure Sodium	454	714	-	1,260	1,953

4. On December 31, 2015, the RSA shall be reduced (increased) by the amount that the increase in the Company's revenue for the year resulting from the change in base rates attributable to the flow through of Hydro's interim wholesale rate change, effective July 1, 2015, is greater (or less) than the amount of the increase in the Company's purchased power expense for the year resulting from the change in the base rate charged on an interim basis by Hydro effective July 1, 2015.

This clause will be revised as required when the Company's rates are changed to reflect the flow-through of final changes to Hydro's wholesale rate.

The methodology to calculate the RSA adjustment at December 31, 2015 is as follows:

Calculation of increase in Revenue:

2015 Revenue with Flow-through (Q)	\$ -
2015 Revenue without Flow-through (R)	\$ -
Increase in Revenue (S = Q – R)	\$ -

Calculation of increase in Purchased Power Expense:

2015 Purchased Power Expense with Hydro Increase (T)	\$ -
2015 Purchased Power Expense without Hydro Increase (U)	\$ -
Increase in Purchased Power Expense (V = T – U)	\$ -

Adjustment to Rate Stabilization Account (W = S – V)	\$ -
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Where:

Q = Normalized revenue from base rates effective July 1, 2015.

R = Normalized revenue from base rates determined based on rates effective July 1, 2013.

T = Normalized purchased power expense from Hydro's wholesale rate effective July 1, 2015 (not including RSP rate).

U = Normalized purchased power expense determined based on Hydro's wholesale rate effective January 1, 2007 (not including RSP rate).

NEWFOUNDLAND POWER INC.

RATE STABILIZATION CLAUSE

II. RATE STABILIZATION ACCOUNT ("RSA") (Cont'd)

5. On December 31st of each year from 2008 until further order of the Board, the Rate Stabilization Account (RSA) shall be increased (reduced) by the Energy Supply Cost Variance.

This Energy Supply Cost Variance identifies the change in purchased power cost that is related to the difference between purchasing energy at the 2nd block energy charge in the wholesale rate and the test year energy supply cost reflected in customer rates.

The Energy Supply Cost Variance expressed in dollars shall be calculated as follows:

$$\frac{(A - B) \times (C - D)}{100}$$

Where:

- A = the wholesale rate 2nd block charge per kWh.
- B = the test year energy supply cost per kWh determined by applying the wholesale energy rate to the test year energy purchases and expressed in ¢ per kWh.
- C = the weather normalized annual purchases in kWh.
- D = the test year annual purchases in kWh.
6. The RSA shall be adjusted by any other amount as ordered by the Board.
7. On March 31st of each year, beginning in 2014, the Rate Stabilization Account shall be increased on a before tax basis, by the CDM Cost Recovery Transfer.

The CDM Cost Recovery Transfer, expressed in dollars, will be calculated to provide for the recovery of costs charged annually to the Conservation and Demand Management Cost Deferral Account (the "CDM Cost Deferral") over a seven-year period, commencing in the year following the year in which the CDM Cost Deferral is charged to the Conservation and Demand Management Cost Deferral Account.

The CDM Cost Deferral Account will identify the year in which each CDM Cost Deferral was incurred.

NEWFOUNDLAND POWER INC.

RATE STABILIZATION CLAUSE

II. RATE STABILIZATION ACCOUNT ("RSA") (Cont'd)

The CDM Cost Recovery Transfer for each year will be the sum of individual amounts representing 1/7th of each CDM Cost Deferral, which individual amounts shall be included in the CDM Cost Recovery Transfer for seven years following the year in which the CDM Cost Deferral was recorded.

8. On March 31st of each year, beginning in 2013, the Rate Stabilization Account shall be increased (reduced), on a before tax basis, by the balance in the Weather Normalization Reserve accrued in the previous year.

III. RATE CHANGES

The energy charges in each rate classification (other than the energy charge in the "Maximum Monthly Charge" in classifications having a demand charge) shall be adjusted as required to reflect the changes in the Rate Stabilization Adjustment. The new energy charges shall be determined by subtracting the previous Rate Stabilization Adjustment from the previous energy charges and adding the new Rate Stabilization Adjustment. The new energy charges shall apply to all bills based on consumption on and after the effective date of the adjustment.