

New Brunswick | Newfoundland and Labrador | Nova Scotia | Prince Edward Island

December 10, 2014

VIA COURIER and ELECTRONIC MAIL

Board of Commissioners of Public Utilities 120 Torbay Road P.O. Box 21040 St. John's, NL A1A 5B2

Attention:

Ms. G. Cheryl Blundon

**Board Secretary** 

Dear Ms. Blundon:

Re: Newfoundland and Labrador Hydro's Application for an Interim Order for the

Recovery of Hydro's 2014 Forecast Revenue Deficiency

Enclosed are the original and twelve (12) copies of the Written Submissions of Vale Newfoundland & Labrador Limited in respect of the above-noted Application.

We have provided a copy of this correspondence together with enclosures to all concerned parties.

We trust you will find the enclosed satisfactory.

Yours faithfully

Thomas J. O'Reilly, Q.C.

TJOR/js Encl.

C.C.

Geoffrey P. Young, Senior Legal Counsel, Newfoundland & Labrador Hydro Gerard Hayes, Senior Legal Counsel, Newfoundland Power Thomas J. Johnson, O'Dea Earle Paul Coxworthy, Stewart McKelvey Edward M. Hearn, Q.C., Miller & Hearn Nancy Kleer, Olthuis, Leer, Townshend LLP

Yvonne Jones, MP Labrador

## Thomas J. O'Reilly, Q.C. | Partner

IN THE MATTER OF the *Public Utilities Act*, R.S.N.L. 1990, Chapter P-47 (the *Act*)

AND IN THE MATTER OF a General Rate Application (the Amended Application) by Newfoundland and Labrador Hydro for approvals of, under Sections 70 and 75 of the Act, changes in the rates to be charged for the supply of power and energy to Newfoundland Power, Rural Customers and Industrial Customers; and under Section 71 of the Act, changes in the Rules and Regulations applicable to the supply of electricity to Rural Customers.

AND IN THE MATTER OF an Application for an Interim Order for the recovery of Hydro's 2014 forecast revenue deficiency (2014 Interim Cost Recovery Application).

TO: The Board of Commissioners of Public Utilities ('the Board")

## 1 WRITTEN SUBMISSIONS OF VALE NEWFOUNDLAND & LABRADOR LIMITED

- 2 The following are the submissions of Vale Newfoundland and Labrador Limited ("Vale")
- 3 in relation to Newfoundland and Labrador Hydro's ("Hydro") Second Application before
- 4 the Board seeking recovery of Hydro's 2014 revenue deficiency.
- 5 While Vale is prepared to accept that Hydro may have incurred a revenue deficiency in
- 6 2014 and that a portion of that deficiency may be subject to recovery from Hydro's
- 7 customers, Vale is concerned that the amount of the revenue deficiency has not been
- 8 tested and may include amounts that should not be recoverable from rate payers.

In its Application, Hydro is seeking an interim transfer of \$45.9 million from the RSP's Hydraulic Variation Account balance to Hydro revenue. Vale questions whether the requested interim transfer from the RSP (i) is good regulatory practice and (ii) being only interim, whether the requested transfer from the RSP achieves the stated goal for Hydro as the transfer provides no certainty that the Board will ultimately accept that the amount requested accurately reflects Hydro's recoverable revenue shortfall. A further concern with this request comes from the fact that the revenue shortfall is comprised of a shortfall from all of Hydro's customer groups yet the requested transfer is to be taken from a fund owed to only a subset of Hydro's customer groups. 

Regardless of from whom the revenue deficiency is collected, Vale has concerns as to whether the amount requested actually reflects Hydro's <u>recoverable</u> revenue shortfall to date as Hydro's evidence has not been tested through the RFI process or a hearing. For example, Hydro's "deficiency" includes a rate of return on equity of 8.8% (Application, Appendix A, Schedule 1.1, pg. 2) almost double Hydro's existing approved return on equity of 4.465% (GRA RFI IC-NLH-002). The 2014 return on equity included in the 2014 revenue deficiency would be reduced from \$35,099,439 (Application, Appendix A, Schedule 1.1, pg. 1) to \$17,758,523 if the rate of return on equity was reduced to the existing approved rate of 4.465%. This alone results in a corresponding drop in Hydro's 2014 revenue deficiency from \$45.9 million to \$28.1 million.

To support an entitlement to a rate of return on equity of 8.8%, Hydro has previously relied on OC2009-063, which directed the Board "for all future General Rate

1 Applications" to calculate Hydro's return on equity based on the same target most

2 recently set for Newfoundland Power. Vale submits that Hydro's Application to recover

3 its stated 2014 revenue deficiency is brought coincident with its 2013 Amended

4 General Rate Application (the "GRA") but is not itself a general rate application. As

the revenue deficiency Application is not a general rate application, Vale submits that

OC2009-063 does not apply and any interim or final revenue deficiency recovery relief

7 should be based on a return on equity of 4.465%.

8 In addition to Vale's concerns with the return on equity used to calculate the revenue

deficiency, it is not clear from the Application whether Hydro is including the costs

associated with the January 2014 outages in its 2014 revenue requirement. The costs

associated with the outages include, but are not limited to, power purchases, overtime

costs associated with the outages and overtime costs associated with expedited

preventive maintenance completed as a result of the outages. These costs have to be

tested for prudency by the Board prior to Hydro being permitted to recover them from

its customers.

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For the reasons discussed above, Vale does not believe that Hydro should receive the

Order requested in its Application. Hydro should be required to prove all components

of its 2014 revenue shortfall coincident with its GRA. Once the actual revenue

shortfall is determined, the parties should then have an opportunity to make

submissions with respect to the rate of return that should be applied, the percentage

of the shortfall that should be recoverable, the percentage of the shortfall that should

- 1 be recovered from each customer group and how the shortfall should be recovered
- 2 (i.e. by a transfer from the RSP Hydraulic Variation Account or through other means).
- 3 The Board has asked that the parties comment on the following:

What are the implications or issues which should be considered in 4 relation to an Order of the Board which approves only the creation 5 of the deferral account and the transfer of the amount of \$45.9 6 million from Hydro's income statement to the deferral account and 7 denies all of Hydro's other requests. For clarity, there would be no 8 approval at this time of Hydro's request i) to use the 2014 Test Year 9 Cost of Service Study as a basis for allocating the revenue 10 deficiency, ii) to use the credit balance in the RSP Hydraulic 11 Variation Account balance at December 31, 2014 to provide 12 recovery, and iii) to revise Section A of the RSP Rules to segregate 13 the 2014 year-end balance in the RSP Variation Account. 14

- As the scenario provided by the Board does not appear to endorse the stated amount
- of \$45.9 million as an accurate calculation of Hydro's recoverable revenue deficiency
- and leaves the balance in the RSP Hydraulic Variation Account intact, Vale is not
- 18 concerned that such an Order would create an expectation that its mere creation
- would give rise to a presumption of entitlement by Hydro.
- 20 Issue 3: Costs
- 21 Vale requests that the Board award Vale its costs on the within Application on the
- 22 same basis as any award of costs made in favor of the Consumer Advocate and/or the
- 23 Industrial Customer Group. An award of costs in favor of Vale is justified based on the
- 24 fact that:

- 1. Vale's energy consumption is steadily increasing with time and, when
  2 Vale's Long Harbour processing facility completes production ramp-up, Vale will
  3 be the single largest industrial customer of Hydro. As such, Vale had a
  4 significant interest in participating in the within Application; and
  - 2. Vale's interests in the within Application are discreet from the interests of the Industrial Customer Group. In particular, Vale and the Industrial Customer group may not be aligned on the manner of, *inter alia*, the drawdown of the Industrial Customer RSP Surplus.

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The within Application was made necessary by the complexity of and delays in the general rate application process as a result of the fact that Hydro elected to allow seven years between GRAs. For this reason, Vale submits that all or a significant percentage of the costs of the within Application should be borne by Hydro and should not form part of Hydro's rate base.

<u>DATED</u> at St. John's, in the Province of Newfoundland and Labrador, this of December, 2014.

*t* day

COX & PALMER

Per:

Thomas J. O'Reilly, Q.C.

TO: The Board of Commissioners of Public Utilities Suite E210, Prince Charles Building 120 Torbay Road P. O. Box 21040 St. John's, NL A1A 5B2

Attention: Board Secretary

TO: Newfoundland & Labrador Hydro P. O. Box 12400 500 Columbus Drive St. John's, NL A1B 4K7 Attention: Geoffrey P. Young

Senior Legal Counsel

TO: Newfoundland Power
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Attention: Gerard Hayes
Senior Legal Counsel

TO: Thomas J. Johnson, Consumer Advocate
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TO: Corner Brook Pulp and Paper Limited,
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TO: House of Commons

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Attention: Yvonne Jones, MP Labrador