

1   **Q.     Company Evidence, p. 1: What formula does the Régie employ to establish returns**  
2   **for Gáz Metro?**

3  
4   A.     The automatic adjustment formula employed by the Régie to establish returns for Gáz  
5           Metro for 2013 and subsequent years can be found in Appendix 2 of Decision D-2011-  
6           182 rendered on November 25, 2011. A copy of Appendix 2 is included here as  
7           Attachment A.

## **GÁZ METRO FORMULA**

## **APPENDIX 2**

### **AUTOMATIC ROE ADJUSTMENT FORMULA FOR GAZ MÉTRO INC. FOR 2013 AND SUBSEQUENT YEARS**

**Appendix 2 (3 pages)**

**G. B.** \_\_\_\_\_

**M. T.** \_\_\_\_\_

**J.-F. V.** \_\_\_\_\_

**AUTOMATIC ROE ADJUSTMENT FORMULA FOR GAZ MÉTRO INC.  
FOR 2013 AND SUBSEQUENT YEARS**

$$\text{ROE for test year } t = 8.90\% + 0.75 * (\text{PYCL}_t - 4.0\%) + 0.5 * (\text{CSRC}_t - 1.5\%)$$

where

- $\text{PYCL}_t$  = Projected yield on Canada long-term bonds for test year  $t$ .  
 $\text{CSRC}_t$  = Credit spread between A-rated long-term bonds issued by Canadian regulated corporations and Canada long-term bonds for test year  $t$ .

The  $\text{PYCL}_t$  factor is calculated as follows:

$$\text{PYCL}_t = \left[ \frac{\text{PY}_{10\text{C}_{\text{nov}, t}} + \text{PY}_{10\text{C}_{\text{aug}, t}}}{2} \right] + \left[ \frac{\sum_i (Y_{30\text{C}_{i, t-1}} - Y_{10\text{C}_{i, t-1}})}{I} \right]$$

where

- $\text{PY}_{10\text{C}_{\text{nov}, t}}$  = Projected yield on Canada 10-year bonds at the end of November in test year  $t-1$ , according to Consensus Forecasts published in August of rate year  $t-1$ .  
 $\text{PY}_{10\text{C}_{\text{aug}, t}}$  = Projected yield on Canada 10-year bonds at the end of August in test year  $t$ , according to Consensus Forecasts published in August of rate year  $t-1$ .  
 $Y_{30\text{C}_{i, t-1}}$  = Yield on Canada 30-year bonds at the close of business on each day  $i$  in July of rate year  $t-1$ , as published by the Bank of Canada (Cansim Series V39056).  
 $Y_{10\text{C}_{i, t-1}}$  = Yield on Canada 10-year bonds at the close of business on each day  $i$  in July of rate year  $t-1$ , as published by the Bank of Canada (Cansim Series V39055).  
 $I$  = Number of business days in July of rate year  $t-1$  for which the yield on Canada bonds and the yield on A-rated 30-year bonds issued by Canadian regulated corporations are published.

The  $\text{CSRC}_t$  factor shows the daily average yield spread between A-rated 30-year bonds issued by Canadian regulated corporations and Canada 30-year bonds, observed each business day  $i$  in July of rate year  $t-1$ . The  $\text{CSRC}_t$  factor is calculated as follows:

$$CSRC_t = \frac{\sum_i (Y_{30}RC_{i,t-1} - Y_{30}C_{i,t-1})}{I}$$

where

$Y_{30}RC_{i,t-1}$  = Daily average yield on A-rated 30-year bonds issued by Canadian regulated corporations at the close of business on each day  $i$  in July of rate year  $t-1$ , as shown on the Bloomberg C29530Y index.

$Y_{30}C_{i,t-1}$  = Yield on Canada 30-year bonds at the close of business on each day  $i$  in July of rate year  $t-1$ , as published by the Bank of Canada (Cansim Series V39056).

$I$  = Number of business days in July of rate year  $t-1$  for which the yield on Canada bonds and the yields on A-rated 30-year bonds issued by Canadian regulated corporations are published.