Page 1 of 1

Q. RE: Pre-Filed Evidence of Mr. C. Douglas Bowman, page 17:

1

2

"I therefore recommend that the Board direct Hydro to undertake the following: File a cost of service study for the Island system for the 2019 test year based on its best forecast of costs including off-island sales and purchases over the Labrador-Island Link, as well as sales and purchases over the Maritime Link; i.e., based on ISO New England spot prices. Only those changes to the cost of service allocations that are necessary to perform the cost of service study should be made; i.e., functionalization of LIL and LTA operating and maintenance costs, and allocation of the costs of off-island purchases (CA-NLH-169).

11 12 13

14

Propose a deferral account to protect Hydro from the uncertainties brought on by variations in hydro generation, fuel costs and off-island purchases and sales."

15 16 17

18

19 20

21

22

If Hydro were to undertake this recommendation, and actual savings from off-island purchases were less than forecast and additional Holyrood fuel costs would need to be deferred, does Mr. Bowman agree that this could result in additional costs being charged to customers once the Muskrat Falls Project were placed into service? Please explain how this proposal in the context of lower actual savings than forecast will help mitigate future customer rate impacts.

232425

26

27

28

29

30

31

32

33

34

35

36

37

38

39

Mr. Doug Bowman recommends that Hydro file a 2019 test year cost of service A. study based on the expected supply scenario with off-island purchases over the LIL and the ML. Under this cost of service study Hydro's proposed Off-Island Purchases Deferral Account becomes obsolete. Nonetheless, Hydro will be exposed to uncertainties brought on by off-island purchases, so should propose a supply cost adjustment mechanism to protect it from such uncertainties. The supply cost adjustment mechanism is not meant to be used to mitigate future rate increases - it is meant to protect Hydro from the uncertainties brought on by offisland purchases. It would work similarly to the RSP. If at the end of the year there is a balance owing to Hydro because supply costs were more than forecast, rates would be increased accordingly in the subsequent year to recover the shortfall. If there is a surplus because supply costs were less than forecast, rates would be reduced accordingly in the subsequent year. The response to PUB-CA-002 addresses Mr. Doug Bowman's views on rate mitigation. The supply cost adjustment mechanism would be independent of any rate mitigation initiative.