1 Q. General Topics

- 2 With the reference to Schedule 4-IV Page 1 of 1, please explain year over year
- 3 changes in promissory notes.

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A. Hydro uses promissory notes to fulfill its short-term funding requirements. The
main variables that influence Hydro's short term funding requirements from 2015
through 2019 are indicated in Table 1.

Table 1 Change in Promissory Notes (\$000s)

	Actual	Actual	Forecast	Test Year	Test Year
	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Opening Promissory Note Balance	(53,000)	(97,000)	(435,000)	(234,954)	(129,361)
Net Operating Cash Flow Variations ¹	89,320	99,119	(20,518)	80,617	136,786
Refund of RSP Surplus			(130,199)	(14,502)	
Long Term Debt Repayment ²	-	(225,100)	(135,881)	-	-
Long Term Debt Issuances	-	-	782,483	250,000	-
Sinking Funds Contributions	(8,150)	(8,150)	(6,650)	(6,650)	(6,650)
Sinking Funds Disposals upon Maturity of					
Related Long-Term Debt	-	-	81,006	-	-
Additions to Property, Plant, and Equipment ³	(125,170)	(203,869)	(370,195)	(203,872)	(148,994)
Ending Promissory Note Balance	(97,000)	(435,000)	(234,954)	(129,361)	(148,219)

Notes

¹ Operating Cash Flow Variations include variations in cash position, working capital, non-regulated promissory notes and deferred credits.

² In 2016, Hydro's Series AE Debentures matured and were repaid. In 2017, Hydro's Series X Debentures matured and were repaid.

³ Additions are net of deferred capital contributions.