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Q. Reference: CA-NP-008

According to Graph 1 provided in response to CA-NP-008, as well as the evidence provided in Table 4-9 on page 4-12 of Company evidence, NP's cost of debt has declined steadily from over 8.5% in 2005 to an expected level of just slightly over 6% by 2017. Over this period, the equity ratio has remained steady, while the cost of equity (as proxied by the allowed ROE) has remained stable between 8.5% and 9.0%. Does the Company agree that this decline in the cost of debt, combined with no change in either the cost of equity or the financing weights, implies that NP's cost of capital has declined significantly since 2005? If not, explain how this is possible?

- A. The steady decline in Newfoundland Power's embedded cost of debt shown in Graph 1 of
 the response to Request for Information CA-NP-008 and referred to in this Request for
 Information is strongly influenced by the refinancing of maturing debt which was issued
 in the 1990s.
- 17Over the 2005 to 2015 period, the coupon rate on Newfoundland Power First Mortgage18Bonds has declined by just under 1 % (from 5.441% to 4.446%). By comparison, the19decline in the ratemaking return on equity allowed by the Board has been just under ½ of201 % (from 9.24 % to 8.80 %).
- 22 Please see the response to Request for Information CA-NP-305.