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- Q. Further to the response to NLH-53 NP, is it reasonable to assume that energy purchased from a generator and sold by a distribution company to customers would be considered, in a generic sense, to be purchased power costs to the distributor, even if this transaction is handled by some form of rate stabilization mechanism?
- A. In a generic sense, the cost of energy purchased from a generator, that is determined based on the rates to be paid by a distributor (or retailer) and rules as set by the regulator, represents purchased power cost to the distributor (or retailer).
- A rate stabilization mechanism may be established by a regulator to provide rate stability to customers and to provide a mechanism to minimize volatility in the utility's (generator, distributor or retailer) revenue requirements due to events beyond its control.