# **Newfoundland and Labrador Hydro**

**2003 General Rate Application** 

**Evidence of Mark Drazen** 

On behalf of the Town of Labrador City Town of Wabush

Project 031301 September, 2003 Revised October 3, 2003

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#### 4 Introduction and Overview

- 5 The "Labrador Interconnected System" (LIS) comprises two areas. The eastern area includes
- 6 Happy Valley/Goose Bay (HV/GB) and Canadian Forces Base at Goose Bay (CFB-GB). The
- 7 western area includes Labrador City/Wabush ("Labrador West") and Iron Ore Company of
- 8 Canada (IOCC). Although both areas receive power from Churchill Falls, the nature and costs
- 9 of the other facilities serving the two communities are different.
- 10 Newfoundland and Labrador Hydro (Hydro) has now proposed a five-year plan to consolidate
- and equalize the rates for the two areas on the assumption that both are part of a single
- 12 interconnected system. However, Hydro has never tried to measure the differences in cost
- 13 between the areas.

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14 This evidence shows that the cost of service between two areas is different:

### Table 1

#### **Summary Cost of Service**

	Happy Valley	/Goose Bay	Labrador	
	Version 1	Version 2	<u>West</u>	
Cost of service	<u>\$8,888,357</u>	\$ <u>6,157,164</u>	\$ <u>3,619,914</u>	
Sales-MWh	218,337	<u>218,337</u>	<u>259,954</u>	
Average Cost/MWh	\$ <u>40.7</u>	\$28.2	\$13.9	

- 15 The cost of service for Happy Valley/Goose Bay customers has been calculated two ways,
- reflecting alternate treatments of the cost of the standby generators located there. Version 1
- includes the cost of that standby generation in the cost of serving the HV/GB retail ("Rural
- 18 Interconnected") customers. Version 2 excludes that cost. (The latter could be based on the
- view that the cost should be assigned to CFB-Goose Bay.)
- 20 While the east and west areas both receive power from Churchill Falls, the nature of the
- 21 connection does not justify treating them as an interconnected single system.
- 22 Thus, Hydro's preference for having a single rate is at best a policy decision to ignore cost
- 23 differences. But it has not given any justification for that policy.

### **Background**

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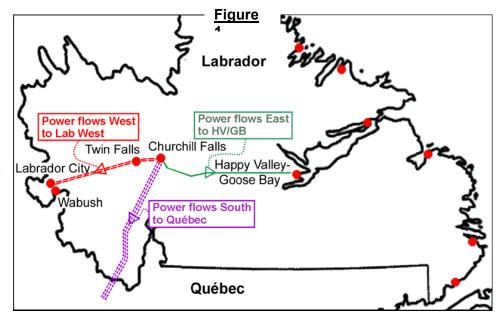
- 2 The issue goes back about 10 years. In 1992, Hydro first proposed that the Labrador
- 3 City/Wabush and Happy Valley/Goose Bay rates be consolidated. At that time, it did not
- 4 provide any analysis of the costs for the different areas. Labrador City and Wabush took issue
- 5 with this proposal. The Board, in its 1993 report on Cost of Service Methodology, said:

The Towns have not submitted any evidence or arguments to show that costs in Labrador Interconnected System are not appropriately allocated by means of a single cost of service study, or that the rate class structure adopted by Hydro for that system is inappropriate. The Board is not aware of any instance where more than one embedded cost of service study has been deemed necessary for a single interconnected system and moreover considers that all customers served within the Labrador Interconnected System share common costs of generation, transmission and a variety of overheads. It therefore concludes that a single cost of service study is appropriate for that system. (Page 10, emphasis added)

- 15 In fact, as discussed below, the premise for that conclusion-that there are common costs of 16 generation and transmission—is not correct.
- 17 This evidence analyzes the costs in detail.

#### Cost Differences

- 19 There are cost differences between Labrador West and Happy Valley/Goose Bay in all three
- 20 major components of cost: generation, transmission and distribution. These result from
- 21 differences in the type of facilities providing service, the ownership and costs incurred by Hydro.
- 23 To understand the
- 25 differences, it is useful
- 27 to look at the facilities
- 29 providing service.
- 31 Figure 1 is a map
- 33 showing the relevant
- 35 electrical service
- 37 facilities.
- 39 Transmission. Power
- 41 from Churchill Falls is
- 43 transmitted over
- 45 separate (and
- 47 separately owned)
- 49 lines to three different
- 51 areas: east to Happy
- 53 Valley/Goose Bay;
- 55 south to the
- Labrador/Québec border (connecting to Hydro Québec lines); and west to Labrador West. 56
- 57 Power from Churchill Falls to Happy Valley/Goose Bay is transmitted eastward over a 269 km
- 58 single circuit 138 kV line owned by Hydro. According to Hydro, the original cost investment in



- the line was \$17,429,000<sup>1</sup> and the annual cost (for return on investment, depreciation and
- 2 operating costs) is about \$2,400,000.2 This equates to \$11/MWh of the power received in
- 3 Happy Valley/Goose Bay. Note that Hydro does not allocate any of the transmission cost to
- 4 CFB-Goose Bay, although CFB receives power from Churchill Falls over the same line.
- 5 In contrast, power from Churchill Falls to Labrador West is transmitted westward over a double
- 6 circuit 230 kV line that is owned by Twin Falls Power Corporation. There is no cost to Hydro for
- 7 this transmission service. The only transmission facilities owned by Hydro to serve Labrador
- 8 West are a small amount (13 km) of 46 kV subtransmission to provide emergency service to
- 9 Labrador City from Fermont, Québec. <sup>4</sup> These facilities are shown as distribution costs.
- 10 Thus, although both Happy Valley/Goose Bay and Labrador West are connected to Churchill
- 11 Falls (Labrador) Corporation, or CF(L)Co, the separate transmission lines coming out of
- 12 Churchill Falls do not constitute an integrated system.
- 13 **Generation**. The supply (capacity and energy) to serve Labrador West comes from Churchill
- 14 Falls. The total cost of supply from Churchill Falls is \$2,433,927,5 comprising \$1,094,394 in
- demand charges and \$1,339,533 in energy charges. Hydro does not allocate any of demand
- 16 cost to CFB-Goose Bay (just as it does not allocate any of the transmission cost). The average
- 17 cost of power per MWh delivered based on Hydro's estimate of losses is (details in Schedule
- 18 1):<sup>6</sup>

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Table 2
CF(L)Co Cost of Power

Customer Group	Cost <u>per MWh</u>
CFB-Goose Bay	\$1.6
IOCC	<u>3.0</u>
Happy Valley/Goose Bay	\$ <u>3.1</u>
Labrador West	\$2.9

In Happy Valley/Goose Bay, in addition to the CF(L)Co supply, Hydro maintains 38 MW of gas turbine and diesel capacity for standby generation. The Happy Valley/Goose Bay area peak demand is over 50 MW. The annual cost of this standby generation in the 2004 revenue requirement is \$2,731,000. Hydro apparently considers this capacity to serve the domestic and general service customers. However, this standby capacity does not and cannot serve customers in Labrador West. An interruption in supply to Labrador West would occur only if the Twin Falls transmission lines were out of service. But, in this event, power could not come from

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Response to LC-11. <u>LC-46 states that \$2,869,000 of additional investment was required in 2000/2001 to replace insulators on the line as a result of lightning activity and outages of the 138 kV line from Churchill Falls to Labrador East.</u>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Exhibit RDG-1, Page 87, Column 5.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> \$2,400,000 divided by HV/GB sales of <u>218,337 MWh</u>.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Decision P.U. 7, Pages 117-118.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Exhibit RDG-1, Page 87, Columns 3 and 4, Line 5.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Hydro assumes that percentage losses are the same for Labrador West as for Happy Valley/Goose Bay (and for IOCC and CFB-Goose Bay). Given that Labrador West is served over a higher-voltage (and somewhat shorter) line, it is more logical that the percentage losses to Labrador West should be lower than to Happy Valley/Goose Bay. However, this information is not yet available.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> J. R. Haynes, Schedule II.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Exhibit RDG-1, Page 67, Column 5, excluding Line 5.

- 1 the Happy Valley/Goose Bay generation. Accordingly, the Happy Valley/Goose Bay standby
- 2 capacity cost is not incurred to provide service in Labrador West. Allocating the cost of this
- 3 capacity as Hydro has done would mean that Labrador West customers would be overcharged
- by approximately \$1,400,000. The cost of this standby capacity for serving the Happy 4
- Valley/Goose Bay area is about \$12.5/MWh, making the total cost of supply \$15.7MWh. 5
- 6 **Distribution**. The distribution systems in Wabush and Labrador City have a lower cost than
- 7 that in Happy Valley/Goose Bay. This comes, in part, from the fact that Hydro acquired the
- Labrador West distribution systems for a nominal cost and received contributions to fund system 8
- 9 upgrades. The capital-related cost for distribution facilities for the east and west areas are
- 10 (details in Schedule 3):

Table 3

### **Distribution Capital Costs**

	Net	Annual	MWh	Cost
	<u>Investment</u>	<u>Cost*</u>	<u>Sold</u>	per MWh
HV/GB	\$8,780,000	\$ <u>1,407,461</u>	218,337	\$7.0
Labrador West	\$6,442,000	\$1,198,678	259,954	\$4.1

<sup>\*</sup>Depreciation, debt and equity return.

#### 11 Analysis of Transmission Connection

- 12 As noted above, the nature of the connection between Labrador West and Happy Valley/Goose
- Bay is such that the transmission lines are not used in common to serve both areas. Power 13
- 14 generated at Churchill Falls is stepped up to 230 kV. The separate transmission lines are both
- fed off the 230 kV bus at Churchill Falls, but that does not make them an "interconnected" 15
- 16 system.
- 17 The 230 kV bus at Churchill Falls is: (1) directly connected to the 230 kV lines that serve
- 18 Labrador West; (2) connected through a step-up transformer to the 735 kV lines to Hydro
- 19 Québec; and (3) connected through a step-down transformer to the 138 kV line to Happy
- 20 Valley/Goose Bay. These are shown on Schedule XVI of Mr. Haynes's evidence.
- 21 The fact that the lines are connected to a common source does not mean it is appropriate to
- allocate the costs as if they were a common system. For example, customers connected to a 22
- 23 high voltage system (transmission or subtransmission) are normally not allocated costs of a low
- 24 voltage distribution system, even though that low voltage system is also connected to the higher
- 25
- voltage facilities. For example, because they are served at transmission voltage, no distribution
- 26 costs are allocated to Iron Ore Company of Canada in Labrador West nor to the Canadian
- Forces Base. If having a common source were taken a justification for spreading the cost of the 27
- 28 eastward line to Labrador West customers, it would follow that the (much larger) load served
- 29 over the 735 kV southward lines should also share in the cost.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Another possibility is that the standby capacity should be assigned to CFB-Goose Bay. In this case, neither Happy Valley/Goose Bay nor Labrador West customers would be charged for that cost. The generation cost for both would be the same, but the transmission cost would still be materially different.

### 1 Cost of Service Summary

- 2 Schedule 3 shows the overall cost of service for the two parts of the Labrador Interconnected
- 3 System based on the facilities actually providing service.

Table 4

<u>Cost of Service by Area (000)</u>

<u>Version 1</u>

	Happy Valley/ <u>Goose Bay</u>	Labrador <u>West</u>	<u>IOCC</u>	CFB- Goose Bay
Generation-CF(L)Co Generation-other Transmission Distribution Tax	\$703 2,731 <u>2,460</u> <u>2,870</u> 141	\$812 - <u>0</u> 2,713 76	\$795 - - - - -	\$124 - - - 53
Total	<u>\$8,906</u>	<u>\$3,602</u>	\$795	\$126
Sales-MWh	218,337	259,954	251,700	77,200
Cost/MWh	<u>\$40.8</u>	<u>\$13.9</u>	\$3.2	\$2.3

- 4 The cost of Churchill Falls is divided between the two based on the relative usage and the cost
- 5 of the power from that facility. The cost of the gas turbine and diesel standby capacity located
- 6 in Happy Valley/Goose Bay is assigned entirely to Happy Valley/Goose Bay. The transmission
- 7 costs for the <u>transmission line</u> incurred by Hydro to serve Happy Valley/Goose Bay are
- 8 assigned to that area. An estimate is included for the short 46 kV line to Labrador West.
- 9 Finally, the distribution cost of service capital cost is assigned to the two communities based on
- 10 the investment.
- 11 Schedule 4 shows the details of Version 2, which treats the standby capacity as attributable to
- 12 CFB-Goose Bay. In other respects, the calculations are the same as in Version 1.

### 13 Comparison of Cost and Rates

- 14 So far, this analysis has dealt with the difference in cost of service between Labrador West and
- 15 Happy Valley/Goose Bay. This section concerns the proposed rates as compared to the cost of
- 16 service for Labrador West.
- 17 As shown above, the cost of service for Labrador West is \$13.3/MWh. For the purpose of
- 18 setting rates, the practice heretofore has been to adjust the cost of service to include: (1) a
- 19 credit for the surplus generated by CFB-Goose Bay, and (2) a charge to absorb the portion of
- the Rural Deficit. Hydro's calculations show a CFB-Goose Bay revenue credit of \$2,748,588
- 21 that would apply to LIS customers. This is equal to 25.7% of the cost of service. As applied to
- the Labrador West cost of service, this would be a credit of \$3.4/MWh. The Rural Deficit
- 23 allocated to the LIS is \$4,760,039. This is classified and allocated on a customer, demand and

- 1 energy basis. However, the effect can be approximated by looking at it on a per-MWh basis.
- 2 That amount is \$10.0/MWh (when spread over 478,291 MWh of sales).
- 3 Taking these into account, the adjusted cost of service and proposed rates are:

Table 5

### Labrador West Comparison of Rates and Cost

	Average <u>\$/MWh</u>
Cost of service Less CFB Credit (25.7%) Rural Deficit	<u>\$13.9</u> (3.6) _10.0
Total	<u>\$20.3</u>
Rates Current	\$16. <u>9</u>
Proposed-2004	20.1
-2005	23.2
-2006	26.1
-2007	29.4
-2008	\$32.7

- 4 This shows that the proposed rates for Labrador West in 2005 are higher than the cost of
- 5 service including the Rural Deficit burden. (Whether it is appropriate to recover the Rural Deficit
- 6 on this basis is a separate issue.)

### 7 Policy

- 8 Hydro's proposal to equalize the costs of the two areas amounts to a policy decision to ignore
- 9 the material cost differences between the two. The question, then, is: What is the purpose or
- 10 benefit of this policy?
- 11 There is no general policy of rate equalization on the Hydro system. Hydro proposes five sets
- 12 of rates, reflecting cost differences among five different subsystems: Island Interconnected,
- 13 Island Isolated, Labrador Isolated, L'Anse au Loup and Labrador Interconnected. This
- 14 "systemization", as Hydro's witness describes it, is based on the different facilities and cost of
- 15 service among those five areas. Thus, there is no inherent policy that requires the LIS East and
- 16 LIS West rates to be equalized.
- Hydro describes the equalization as "a more equitable rate structure". 10 There is no
- 18 explanation, though, of why this is "more equitable".

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> Volume I, Corporate Overview, Page 29.

### CF(L)Co Cost

			Energy Cos	st	D	emand Co	st	Total	MWh @	Cost	
Line		<u>MWh*</u> (1)	<u>%</u> (2)	\$ (3)	Demand (4)	<u>%</u> (5)	<u>\$</u> (6)	<u>Cost</u> (7)	Meter (8)	Per MWh (9)	
1	CFB - Goose Bay	87,442	9.23%	\$123,595	0	0.00%	\$0	\$123,595	77,200	\$1.6	
2	IOCC	285,092	30.08%	402,964	70,231	35.83%	392,075	795,038	251,700	\$3.2	
3	HV/GB	262,893	27.74%	371,586	59,436	30.32%	331,810	703,396	218,337	\$3.2	
4	Lab West	312,277	32.95%	441,388	66,368	33.86%	370,509	811,897	259,954	\$3.1	
5	Total	947,704	100.00%	\$1,339,533	196,035	100.00%	\$1,094,394	\$2,433,927	807,191	\$3.0	
	Source:	RDG-1 Page 97			RDG-1 Page 97 Haynes Sch. XII				PUB-113 N	NLH	

# **Distribution Capital Cost**

	Gross Inves	tment <sup>1</sup>	Depreciation	Net Investi	ment	Debt +	Total	Mwh	Cost
Line Area	<u>Amount</u>	<u>%</u>	Expense	<u>Amount</u>	<u>%</u>	<b>Equity Cost</b>	Cost	<u>Sold</u>	Per MWh
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
1 HV/GB	\$13,438,000	60.3%	\$602,924	\$8,780,000	57.7%	\$926,909	\$1,529,833	218,337	\$7.0
<b>2</b> LW	8,831,000	39.7%	396,221	6,442,000	42.3%	680,085	\$1,076,306	259,954	\$4.1
<b>3</b> Total	\$22,269,000	100.0%	\$999,145	\$15,222,000	100.0%	\$1,606,994			
Source:	LC-41,42		RDG-1, p. 87 Line 7	LC-42 NLH		RDG-1, p. 87 Lines 21-22			

# 2004 Cost of Service Labrador Interconnected Cost of Service - Version 1

<u>Line</u>	Cost Category	<u>Total</u> (1)	<u>HV/GB</u> (2)	Lab West (3)	<u>IOCC</u> (4)	<u>CFB</u> (5)
	Expenses Production - Demand Operation and maintenance	.,				
1	CF(L)Co purchased power	\$1,094,394	\$331,810	\$370,509	\$392,075	\$0
2	Diesel and turbine	572,139	572,139	0	0	0
3	Credits and disposal gain/loss	52	52	0	0	0
4	Depreciation	1,004,888	1,004,888	0	0	0
5	Return	1,154,114	1,154,114	0	0	0
6	Subtotal	\$3,825,587	\$3,063,003	\$370,509	\$392,075	\$0
	Production - Energy					
7	CF(L)Co purchased power	1,339,533	371,586	441,388	402,964	123,595
8	Diesel and turbine	0	0	0	0	0
9	Subtotal	1,339,533	371,586	441,388	402,964	123,595
	Transmission					
10	Operation and maintenance	420,358	420,358	0	0	0
11	Credits and disposal gain/loss	2,119	2,119	0	0	0
12	Depreciation	585,356	585,356	0	0	0
13	Return	1,452,226	1,452,226	0	0	0
14	Subtotal	2,460,059	2,460,059	0	0	0
	Distribution					
15	Operation and maintenance	3,239,830	1,480,828	1,759,002	0	0
16	Credits and disposal gain/loss	(261,140)	(157,582)	(103,558)	0	0
17	Depreciation	999,145	602,924	396,221	0	0
18	Return	1,606,994	926,909	680,085	0	0
19	Subtotal	5,584,829	2,853,079	2,731,750	0	0
20	Municipal tax & PUB assessment	269,519	140,630	76,266	0	52,623
21	Total cost of service	\$13,479,527	\$8,888,357	\$3,619,914	\$795,038	\$176,218
22	MWh sales	807,191	218,337	259,954	251,700	77,200
23	Cost per MWh	\$16.7	\$40.7	\$13.9	\$3.2	\$2.3

#### 2004 Cost of Service Labrador Interconnected **Allocation Factors-Version 1**

		Al	location Ur	nits			Al	location Fact	tors			
<u>Line</u>		<u>Basis</u>	HV/GB	Lab West	<u>IOCC</u>	<u>CFB</u>	<u>Total</u>	HV/GB	Lab West	<u>IOCC</u>	<u>CFB</u>	<u>Total</u>
	_	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
	Expenses											
	Production - Demand											
	Operation & maint.	5 1005	50.400	00.000	70.004		100.005	00.0400/	00.0550/	05 0000/	0.0000/	400 0000/
1	CF(L)Co power <sup>1</sup>	Demand @ CF	59,436	66,368	70,231	0	196,035	30.319%	33.855%	35.826%	0.000%	
2	Diesel and turbine	Assigned to HV/GB	1.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.000	100.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	
3	Credits and disposal	Assigned to HV/GB	1.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.000	100.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	
4	Depreciation	Assigned to HV/GB	1.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.000	100.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	
5	Return	Assigned to HV/GB	1.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.000	100.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	100.000%
	Production - Energy											
_	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		000 000	0.40.077	005 000	07.440	0.47.70.4	07.7400/	00.0540/	00 0000/	0.0070/	400 0000/
6	CF(L)Co power <sup>1</sup>	Energy @ CF	262,893	312,277	285,092	87,442	947,704	27.740%	32.951%	30.082%	9.227%	
7	Diesel and turbine	Assigned to HV/GB	1	0	0	0	1	100.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	100.000%
	Transmission <sup>2</sup>											
		A :	1 000	0.000	0.000	0.000	4 000	400.0000/	0.0000/	0.0000/	0.0000/	400 0000/
8	Operation & maint.	Assigned to HV/GB	1.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.000	100.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	
9	Credits and disposal	Assigned to HV/GB	1.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.000	100.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	
10	Depreciation	Assigned to HV/GB	1.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.000	100.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	
11	Return	Assigned to HV/GB	1.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.000	100.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	100.000%
	Distribution											
12	Operation & maint.	MWh input <sup>1</sup>	232,100	275,700	0	0	507,800	45.707%	54.293%	0.000%	0.000%	100.000%
13	Credits & disposal	Gross plt ex cont <sup>3</sup> (\$000)	13,438	8,831	0	0	22,269	60.344%	39.656%	0.000%	0.000%	
14	Depreciation	Gross plt ex cont <sup>3</sup> (\$000)	13,438	8,831	0	0	22,269	60.344%	39.656%	0.000%	0.000%	
15	Return	Net plant <sup>3</sup> (\$000)	8,780	6,442	0	0	15,222	57.680%	42.320%	0.000%	0.000%	
19	Netuiii	Net plant (4000)	0,700	0,442	U	U	15,222	37.000%	42.320%	0.000%	0.000%	100.000%
16	Muni. tax & PUB assessi	m Revenues <sup>4</sup> (\$000)	7,798	4,229	0	2,918	14,945	52.178%	28.297%	0.000%	19.525%	100.000%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> From Schedule XII J.R. Haynes.

<sup>2</sup> Assigned 100% to HV/GB; 46kV line costs included in Lab West distribution costs (per LC-50).

<sup>3</sup> LC-43 for gross and net plant; LC-41, 42 for contributions

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> From LC-5 NLH and LC-6 NLH.

# 2004 Cost of Service Labrador Interconnected Cost of Service - Version 2

<u>Line</u>	Cost Category	<u>Total</u> (1)	<u>HV/GB</u> (2)	Lab West (3)	<u>IOCC</u> (4)	<u>CFB</u> (5)
	Expenses Production - Demand Operation and maintenance					
1	CF(L)Co purchased power	\$1,094,394	\$331,810	\$370,509	\$392,075	\$0
2	Diesel and turbine	572,139	. ,	0	. ,	572,139
3	Credits and disposal gain/loss	52	0	0	0	52
4	Depreciation	1,004,888	0	0	0	1,004,888
5	Return	1,154,114	0	0	0	1,154,114
6	Subtotal	\$3,825,587	\$331,810	\$370,509	\$392,075	\$2,731,193
	Production - Energy					
7	CF(L)Co purchased power	1,339,533	371,586	441,388	402,964	123,595
8	Diesel and turbine	0	0	0	0	0
9	Subtotal	1,339,533	371,586	441,388	402,964	123,595
	Transmission					
10	Operation and maintenance	420,358	420,358	0	0	0
11	Credits and disposal gain/loss	2,119	2,119	0	0	0
12	Depreciation	585,356	585,356	0	0	0
13	Return	1,452,226	1,452,226	0	0	0
14	Subtotal	2,460,059	2,460,059	0	0	0
	Distribution					
15	Operation and maintenance	3,239,830	1,480,828	1,759,002	0	0
16	Credits and disposal gain/loss	(261,140)	(157,582)	(103,558)	0	0
17	Depreciation	999,145	602,924	396,221	0	0
18	Return	1,606,994	926,909	680,085	0	0
19	Subtotal	5,584,829	2,853,079	2,731,750	0	0
20	Municipal tax & PUB assessment	269,519	140,630	76,266	0	52,623
21	Total cost of service	\$13,479,527	\$6,157,164	\$3,619,914	\$795,038	\$2,907,411
22	MWh sales	807,191	218,337	259,954	251,700	77,200
23	Cost per MWh	\$16.7	\$28.2	\$13.9	\$3.2	\$37.7

#### 2004 Cost of Service Labrador Interconnected **Allocation Factors - Version 2**

		All	ocation U	nits		Allocation Factors						
<u>Line</u>		<u>Basis</u> (1)	<u>HV/GB</u> (2)	Lab West (3)	<u>IOCC</u> (4)	<u>CFB</u> (5)	<u>Total</u> (6)	<u>HV/GB</u> (7)	Lab West (8)	(9)	<u>CFB</u> (10)	<u>Total</u> (11)
	Expenses											
	Production - Demand											
	Operation & maint.											
1	CF(L)Co power <sup>1</sup>	Demand @ CF	59,436	66,368	70,231	0	196,035	30.319%	33.855%	35.826%	0.000%	100.000%
2	Diesel and turbine	Assigned to CFB	0	0	0	1	1	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	100.000%	100.000%
3	Credits and disposal	Assigned to CFB	0	0	0	1	1	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	100.000%	100.000%
4	Depreciation	Assigned to CFB	0	0	0	1	1	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	100.000%	100.000%
5	Return	Assigned to CFB	0	0	0	1	1	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	100.000%	100.000%
	Production - Energy											
6	CF(L)Co power <sup>1</sup>	Energy @ CF	262,893	312,277	285,092	87,442	947,704	27.740%	32.951%	30.082%	9.227%	100.000%
7	Diesel and turbine	Assigned to CFB	0	0	0	1	1	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	100.000%	100.000%
	Transmission <sup>2</sup>											
8	Operation & maint.	Assigned to HV/GB	1.00	0.00	0	0	1	100.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	100.000%
9	Credits and disposal	Assigned to HV/GB	1.00	0.00	0	0	1	100.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	100.000%
10	Depreciation	Assigned to HV/GB	1.00	0.00	0	0	1	100.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	100.000%
11	Return	Assigned to HV/GB	1.00	0.00	0	0	1	100.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	100.000%
	Distribution											
12	Operation & maint.	MWh input <sup>1</sup>	232,100	275,700	0	0	507,800	45.707%	54.293%	0.000%	0.000%	100.000%
13	Credits and disposal	Gross plt ex cont <sup>3</sup> (\$000)	13,438	8,831	0	0	22,269	60.344%	39.656%	0.000%	0.000%	100.000%
14	Depreciation .	Gross plt ex cont <sup>3</sup> (\$000)	13,438	8,831	0	0	22,269	60.344%	39.656%	0.000%	0.000%	100.000%
15	Return	Net plant <sup>3</sup> (\$000)	8,780	6,442	0	0	15,222	57.680%	42.320%	0.000%	0.000%	100.000%
16	Muni toy & DLIP gassass	m <sup>4</sup> Povenues (¢000)	7 700	4,229	0	2,918	14 O4E	52.178%	28.297%	0.000%	10 5250/	100.000%
16	Muni. tax & PUB assessr	ii i Revenues (\$000)	7,798	4,229	0	2,918	14,945	52.176%	20.291%	0.000%	19.525%	100.000%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> From Schedule XII J.R. Haynes.

<sup>2</sup> Assigned 100% to HV/GB; 46kV line costs included in Lab West distribution costs (per LC-50).

<sup>3</sup> LC-43 for gross and net plant; LC-41, 42 for contributions

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> From LC-5 NLH and LC-6 NLH.